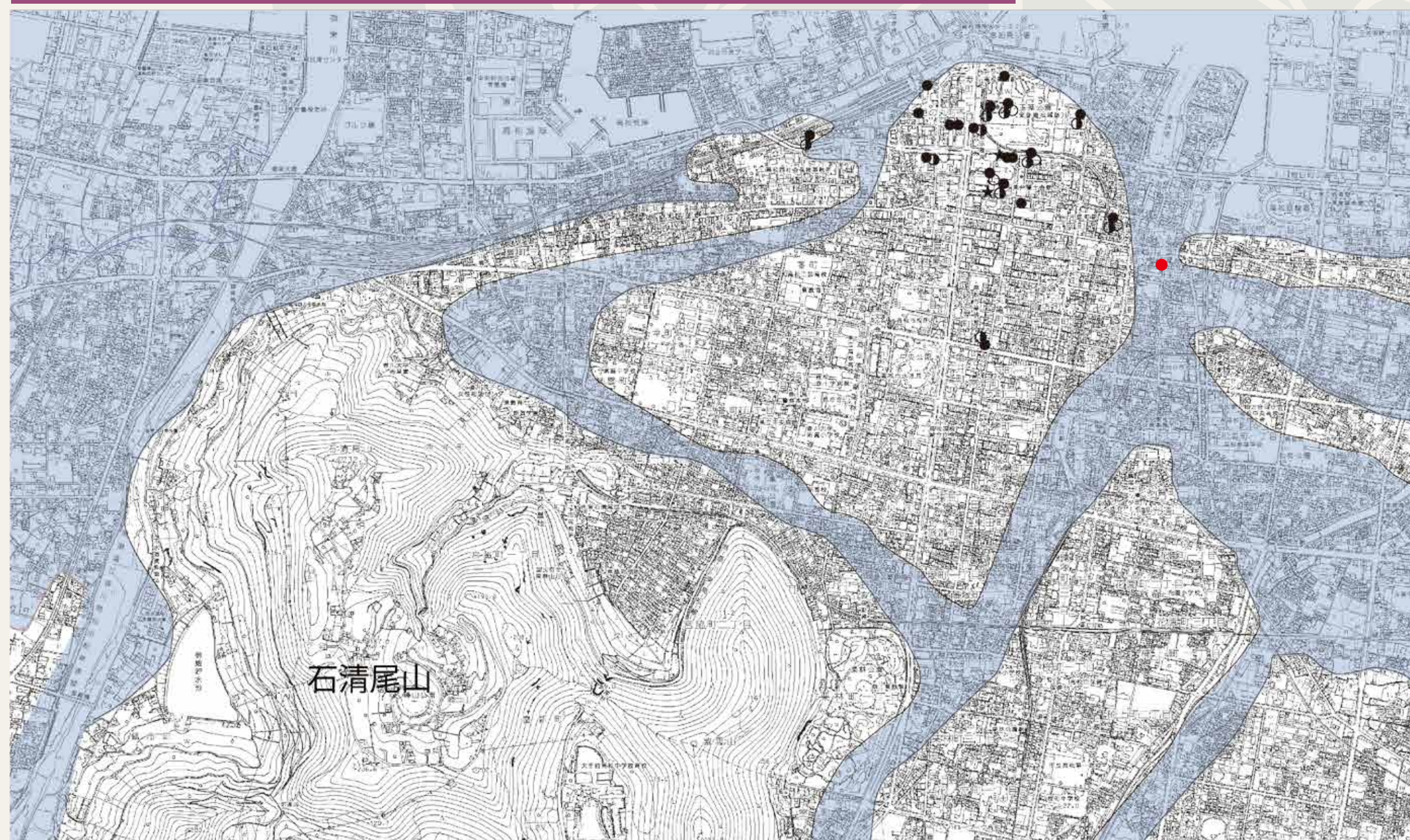


Traces of the Time before Takamatsu Castle Was Built:

When excavating the Castle Town of Takamatsu, pottery from the Yayoi and Kofun periods could be unearthed from the deepest part of the survey area. These artifacts show that the Takamatsu Castle site has been used as a place of living for a long time since the Yayoi and Kofun periods. Among the excavated artifacts, Haniwa (clay figurines) that were to stand side by side in a Kofun tumulus can also be found. The soil characteristics of the Haniwa are similar to those of Iwaseoyama Kofun Cluster located on the Iwaseo mountains in Takamatsu.

Excavation Status of Pre-Kofun Period Pottery



● Archaeological Sites Where Pottery from the Late Yayoi Period (circa 1st – early 3rd centuries) Was Excavated

★ Sites Where Archaeological Features from the Late Yayoi Period (circa 1st – early 3rd centuries) Were Unearthed

○ Archaeological Sites Where Pottery from the Early Kofun Period (circa mid-3rd – late 4th centuries) Was Excavated

① Archaeological Sites Where Pottery from the Late Kofun Period (circa the end of 5th – early 7th centuries) Was Excavated

Paleo-topographic Map around Takamatsu Castle and Pottery Distribution Map from the Yayoi and Kofun Periods